

Patient: Sample Patient

DOB:

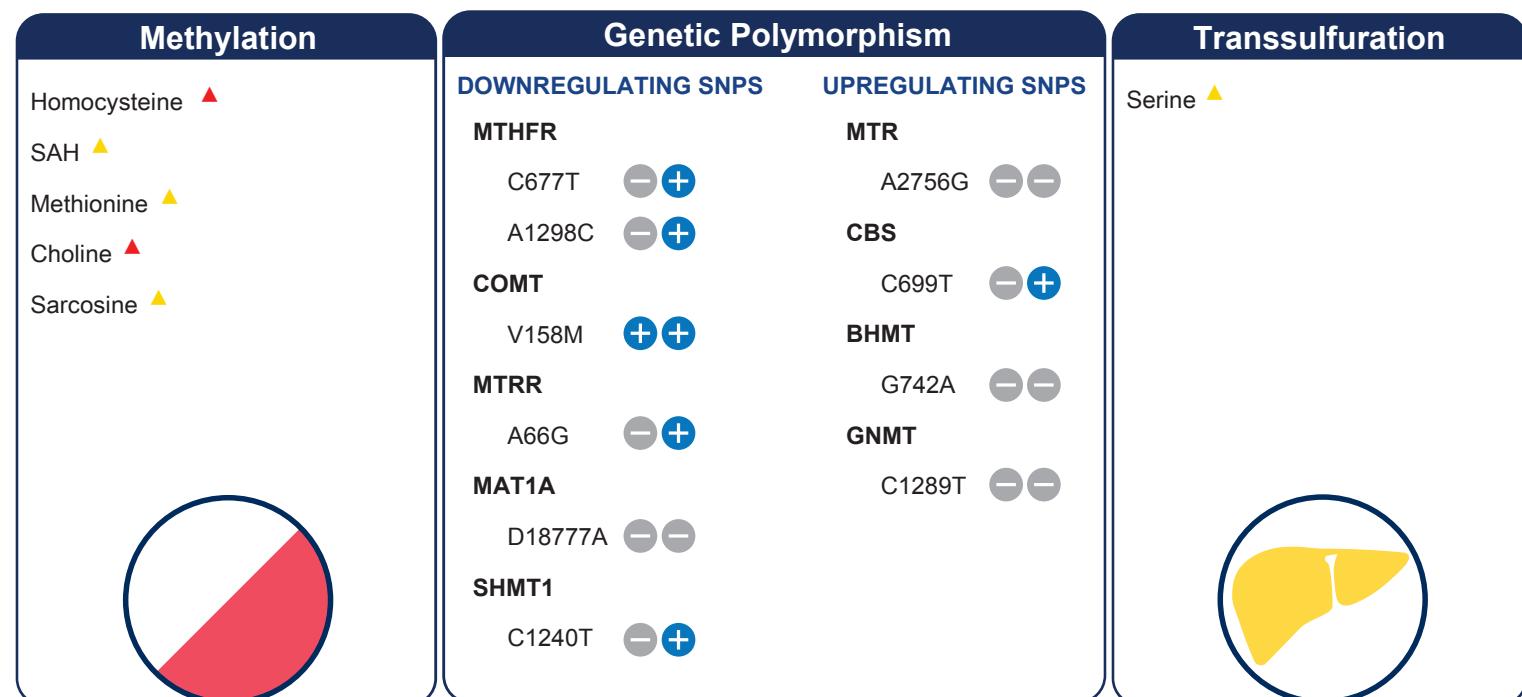
Sex:

MRN:

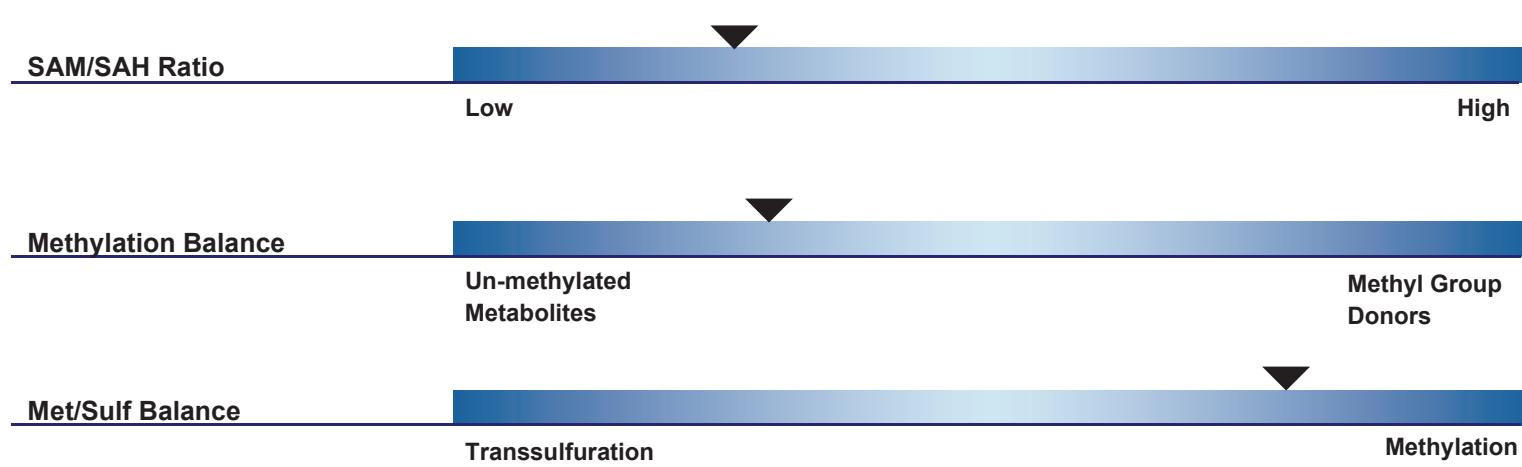
3534 Methylation Panel - Plasma & Whole Blood



Interpretation At-a-Glance

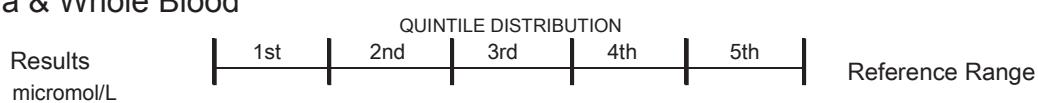


Methylation Status



**3534 Methylation Panel - Plasma & Whole Blood**

Methodology: LCMSMS & Colorimetric



Reference Range

Methylation Capacity**Ratios**

1. Methylation Index (SAM/SAH Ratio)	3.3		2.2-6.4
2. Methylation Balance Ratio	1.08		1.03-1.20
3. Met/Sulf Balance Ratio	0.62		0.55-0.64
4. Betaine/Choline Ratio	2.3	L	2.6-7.7

Methyl Group Donors

5. S-adenosylmethionine (SAM)	109		65-150 nanomol/L
6. Methionine	36		23-38
7. Choline	19.1	H	5.2-13.0
8. Betaine	44		21-71
9. Serine	147		91-161

Methyl Group Metabolites

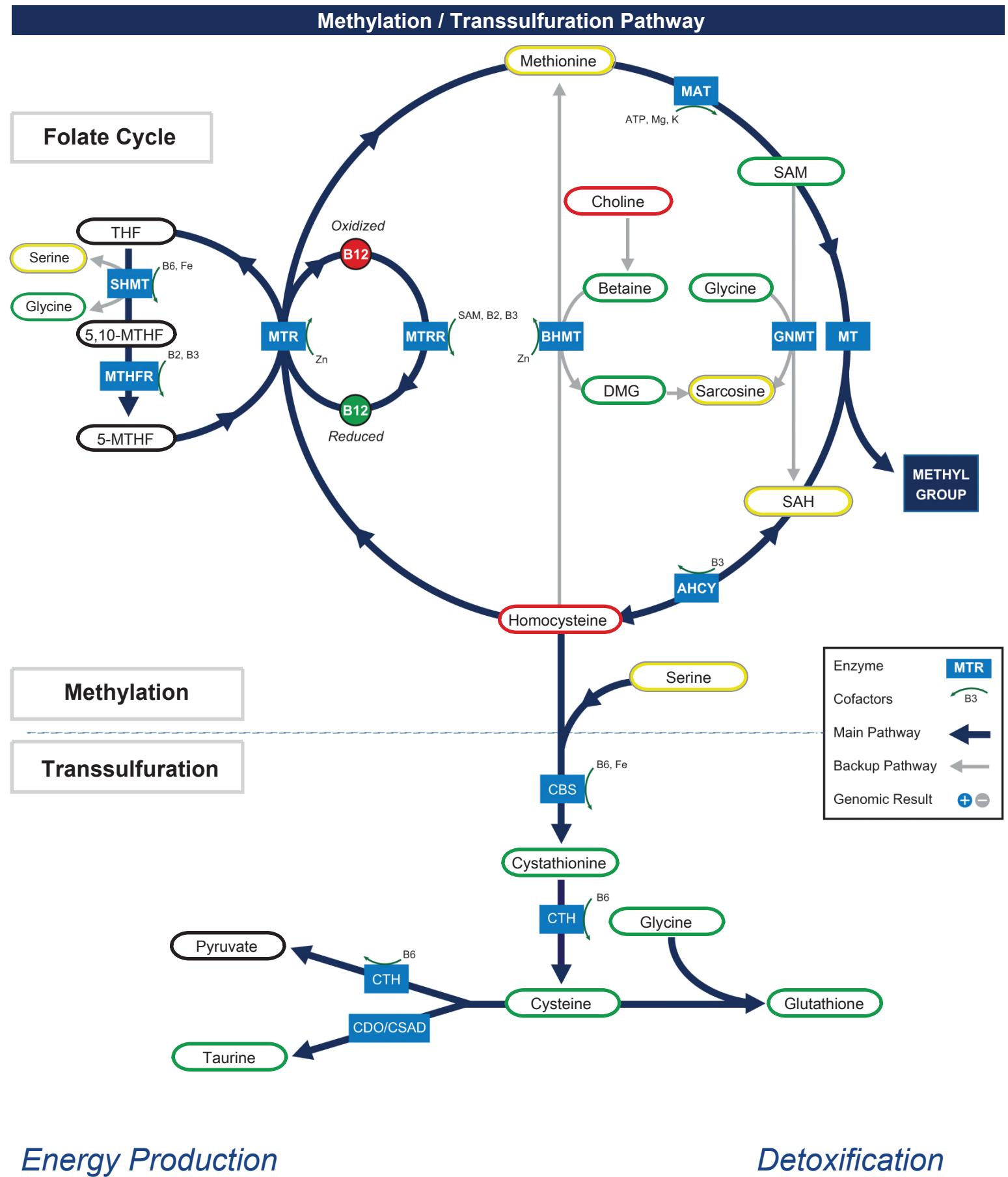
10. S-adenosylhomocysteine (SAH)	33		16-41 nanomol/L
11. Homocysteine †	11.3	H	3.7-10.4
12. Dimethylglycine (DMG)	2.9		1.6-5.0
13. Sarcosine	6,368		3,670-6,743 nanomol/L
14. Glycine	267		181-440

Transsulfuration Metabolites

15. Cystathione	216		74-369 nanomol/L
16. Cyst(e)ine	323		271-392
17. Taurine	83		50-139
18. Glutathione †	1,577		>=669

†These results are not represented by quintile values.

Tests were developed and their performance characteristics determined by Genova Diagnostics. Unless otherwise noted with ♦, the assays have not been cleared by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.





3535 Add-on Methylation Genomics - Buccal sample

Methodology: DNA Sequencing

MTHFR C677T		5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase			
Your Genotype:					
Allele 1	Allele 2	Methylenetetrahydrofolate reductase (MTHFR) is a key regulatory enzyme which converts 5,10-methylenetetrahydrofolate to 5-methyltetrahydrofolate (5-MTHF). This step activates folate to be used for homocysteine (Hcy) conversion to methionine, instead of nucleotide synthesis.			
C	T	Health Implications <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The C677T polymorphism downregulates enzymatic activity, which can limit methylation reactions in the body. The C677T polymorphism results in an increased risk of high homocysteine and an increased tendency for lower folate levels.^{1,2} Homozygosity for 677 (+/+) results in 60-70% reduction in MTHFR enzyme activity. Heterozygosity for 677 (-/+) results in 30-40% reduction in MTHFR enzyme activity.³ Lower levels of B-vitamin and folate increase the risk of elevated homocysteine related to MTHFR SNPs.² Homozygous C677T subjects have higher Hcy levels, while heterozygous subjects have mildly raised Hcy levels compared to controls.⁴ MTHFR C677T SNPs have been associated with many disease processes including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cardiovascular disease⁵⁻⁷ Depression and schizophrenia^{8,9} Increased risk of birth defects and Down's syndrome¹⁰ Psoriasis Diabetes Parkinson's disease 			
Wild Type - Variant +					
Potential Impact: Downregulation					
Genotypes	Amino Acid				
CC CT TT	Ala Ala Ala Val Val Val				
Amino Acid Position: 222					
Alanine to Valine					
GCC → GTC					
DNA Position: 894					
SNP ↓ TCTGCAGGA G(C or T) C GATTTCATC					
Amino Acid Codon					
Rs Number: rs1801133					
Location: Chromosome 1p36.22					
* Frequency:					
Population Category	CC	C T	TT	References <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Yang Q, et al. <i>Am J Clin Nutr.</i> 2012;95(5):1245-1253. Garcia-Minguillan CJ, et al. <i>Genes Nutr.</i> 2014;9(6):435. Weisberg IS, et al. <i>Atherosclerosis.</i> 2001;156(2):409-415. Liew S-C, et al. <i>Eur J Med Genet.</i> 2015;58(1):1-10. Zhang P, et al. <i>Angiology.</i> 2015;66(5):422-432. Yang KM, et al. <i>Biomed Rep.</i> 2014;2(5):699-708. Cui T. <i>Int J Neurosci.</i> 2015. Wu YL, et al. <i>Prog Neuropsychopharmacol Biol Psychiatry.</i> 2013;46:78-85. Hu CY, et al. <i>J Neural Transm (Vienna).</i> 2015;122(2):307-320. Yadav U, et al. <i>Metab Brain Dis.</i> 2015;30(1):7-24. Zhao M, et al. <i>Stroke.</i> 2017;48(5):1183-1190. 	
EUR	47%	44%	9%		
EAS	37%	47%	16%		
AFR	81%	91%	<1%		
AMR	32%	52%	16%		
SAS	68%	30%	2%		

*Population frequency data is from 1000 GENOMES project as sourced from NCBI dbSNP. The population categories are listed below:

EAS (East Asian): Han Chinese (Beijing), Japanese (Tokyo), Southern Han Chinese, Chinese Dai, Kinh (Vietnam)**EUR (European):** Americans with Northern and Western European Ancestry, Toscani, Finnish, British, Spanish**AFR (African):** Nigerian, Kenyan, Gambian, Mendi (Sierra Leone), African Americans, African Caribbeans**AMR (Ad Mixed American):** Mexican, Puerto Rican, Colombian, Peruvian**SAS (South Asian):** Americans of Gujarati descent (India), Punjabi (Pakistan), Bengali (Bangladesh), Sri Lankan/Indian in UK